## REMARKS

The Office rejects claims 1-4 in the subject application. Claims 1-4 (1 independent claims; 4 total claims) remain pending in the application. Reconsideration of this application is respectfully requested.

## 35 U.S.C. § 103 REJECTIONS

The Examiner rejects claims 1-4 under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as allegedly being unpatentable over Angelo. Applicant respectfully traverses the rejection.

Angelo discloses a device for copy protection of recorded media (e.g., in a DVD system 10). A DVD drive 12 encrypts a disk/media key dk using drive and video keys, which yields  $V_kD_k(d_k)$ .  $V_kD_k(d_k)$  is then communicated to a video controller 18, where video controller 18 decrypts  $V_k D_k(d_k)$  to obtain  $d_k$ . It appears that the Examiner alleges that  $D_k$  is the content key and V<sub>k</sub> is the internal key of the claim limitation. The Examiner fails to associate d<sub>k</sub> with a claim limitation.

In Angelo,  $V_kD_k$  is a unique device key. Indeed, this unique device key "is established as the product of V<sub>k</sub>D<sub>k</sub> and is stored in all of the DVD drives and video controllers". "Once this is complete, all traces of V<sub>k</sub>D<sub>k</sub> are erased from system memory". Significantly, it is V<sub>k</sub>D<sub>k</sub> that is used in the encryption step to yield V<sub>k</sub>D<sub>k</sub>(d<sub>k</sub>), which is followed by the decryption step (applying  $(V_k D_k)^{-1}$ ) to yield  $d_k$ . If the Examiner alleges that  $D_k$  is the content key and  $V_k$  is the internal key of the claim limitation, then Angelo would need to disclose an encryption step yielding V<sub>k</sub>(D<sub>k</sub>) followed by a decryption step applying  $(V_k)^{-1}$  to yield  $D_k$ . But instead, Angelo discloses an encryption step yielding  $V_kD_k(d_k)$ , which is followed by the decryption step (applying  $(V_kD_k)^{-1}$ ) to yield dk. In other words, if Dk is the content key of the claim limitation, Angelo uses dk as the encrypted data and not Dk. Also, if Vk is the internal key of the claim limitation, Angelo uses V<sub>k</sub>D<sub>k</sub> as the encryption key and not V<sub>k</sub> alone. Consequently, Angelo does not disclose when an encrypted content-key is input to the operation section, decrypts the encrypted content-key using the internal-key so as to obtain a content-key as recited in claim 1.

Accordingly, Angelo fails to teach, advise, or suggest "a first decrypting section which, when an encrypted content-key is input to the operation section; decrypts the encrypted content-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> U.S. Patent No. 5,923,754, issued July 13, 1999 to Compaq Computer Corporation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Angelo, column 4, lines 57-61. <sup>3</sup> Angelo, column 4, lines 31-35.

key using the internal-key so as to obtain a content-key" as recited in claim 1 (and claims 2-4, which depend from claim 1). Thus, because Angelo fails to teach, advise, or suggest one or more of the claimed elements, claims 1-4 are patentable over Angelo. Applicant respectfully requests withdrawal of this rejection.

## **CONCLUSION**

Applicant respectfully submits that the present application is in condition for allowance. Reconsideration of the application is thus requested. Applicant invites the Office to telephone the undersigned if he or she has any questions whatsoever regarding this Response or the present application in general.

Respectfully submitted,

By: Shahpar Shahpar

Shanpar Shanpar Reg. No. 45,875

SNELL & WILMER L.L.P.

One Arizona Center 400 East Van Buren Phoenix, Arizona 85004-2202

Phone: (602) 382-6306 Fax: (602) 382-6070

Email: sshahpar@swlaw.com